DISCLAIMER

Use of trade names is for identification only and does not imply endorsement by the Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry, the Public Health Service, or the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services.

This information is distributed solely for the purpose of pre dissemination public comment under applicable information quality guidelines. It has not been formally disseminated by the Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry. It does not represent and should not be construed to represent any agency determination or policy.
UPDATE STATEMENT

A Toxicological Profile for Polybrominated Diphenyl Ethers was released in 2002. This present edition supersedes any previously released draft or final profile.

Toxicological profiles are revised and republished as necessary. For information regarding the update status of previously released profiles, contact ATSDR at:

Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry  
Division of Toxicology and Human Health Sciences  
Environmental Toxicology Branch  
1600 Clifton Road NE  
Mailstop F-57  
Atlanta, Georgia 30329-4027
FOREWORD

This toxicological profile is prepared in accordance with guidelines developed by the Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry (ATSDR) and the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA). The original guidelines were published in the Federal Register on April 17, 1987. Each profile will be revised and republished as necessary.

The ATSDR toxicological profile succinctly characterizes the toxicologic and adverse health effects information for these toxic substances described therein. Each peer-reviewed profile identifies and reviews the key literature that describes a substance's toxicologic properties. Other pertinent literature is also presented, but is described in less detail than the key studies. The profile is not intended to be an exhaustive document; however, more comprehensive sources of specialty information are referenced.

The focus of the profiles is on health and toxicologic information; therefore, each toxicological profile begins with a public health statement that describes, in nontechnical language, a substance's relevant toxicological properties. Following the public health statement is information concerning levels of significant human exposure and, where known, significant health effects. The adequacy of information to determine a substance's health effects is described in a health effects summary. Data needs that are of significance to protection of public health are identified by ATSDR and EPA.

Each profile includes the following:

(A) The examination, summary, and interpretation of available toxicologic information and epidemiologic evaluations on a toxic substance to ascertain the levels of significant human exposure for the substance and the associated acute, subacute, and chronic health effects;

(B) A determination of whether adequate information on the health effects of each substance is available or in the process of development to determine levels of exposure that present a significant risk to human health of acute, subacute, and chronic health effects; and

(C) Where appropriate, identification of toxicologic testing needed to identify the types or levels of exposure that may present significant risk of adverse health effects in humans.

The principal audiences for the toxicological profiles are health professionals at the Federal, State, and local levels; interested private sector organizations and groups; and members of the public. We plan to revise these documents in response to public comments and as additional data become available. Therefore, we encourage comments that will make the toxicological profile series of the greatest use.

Electronic comments may be submitted via: www.regulations.gov. Follow the on-line instructions for submitting comments.

Written comments may also be sent to:
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4770 Buford Highway
Building 106, 3rd floor, MS F-57
Chamblee, Georgia 30341

***DRAFT FOR PUBLIC COMMENT***
The toxicological profiles are developed under the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980, as amended (CERCLA or Superfund). CERCLA section 104(i)(1) directs the Administrator of ATSDR to “…effectuate and implement the health related authorities” of the statute. This includes the preparation of toxicological profiles for hazardous substances most commonly found at facilities on the CERCLA National Priorities List and that pose the most significant potential threat to human health, as determined by ATSDR and the EPA. Section 104(i)(3) of CERCLA, as amended, directs the Administrator of ATSDR to prepare a toxicological profile for each substance on the list. In addition, ATSDR has the authority to prepare toxicological profiles for substances not found at sites on the National Priorities List, in an effort to “…establish and maintain inventory of literature, research, and studies on the health effects of toxic substances” under CERCLA Section 104(i)(1)(B), to respond to requests for consultation under section 104(i)(4), and as otherwise necessary to support the site-specific response actions conducted by ATSDR.

This profile reflects ATSDR’s assessment of all relevant toxicologic testing and information that has been peer-reviewed. Staffs of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention and other Federal scientists have also reviewed the profile. In addition, this profile has been peer-reviewed by a nongovernmental panel and is being made available for public review. Final responsibility for the contents and views expressed in this toxicological profile resides with ATSDR.

Patrick N. Breysse, PhD, CIH
Director, National Center for Environmental Health and Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

***DRAFT FOR PUBLIC COMMENT***
QUICK REFERENCE FOR HEALTH CARE PROVIDERS

Toxicological Profiles are a unique compilation of toxicological information on a given hazardous substance. Each profile reflects a comprehensive and extensive evaluation, summary, and interpretation of available toxicologic and epidemiologic information on a substance. Health care providers treating patients potentially exposed to hazardous substances will find the following information helpful for fast answers to often-asked questions.

Primary Chapters/Sections of Interest

Chapter 1: Public Health Statement: The Public Health Statement can be a useful tool for educating patients about possible exposure to a hazardous substance. It explains a substance’s relevant toxicologic properties in a nontechnical, question-and-answer format, and it includes a review of the general health effects observed following exposure.

Chapter 2: Relevance to Public Health: The Relevance to Public Health Section evaluates, interprets, and assesses the significance of toxicity data to human health.

Chapter 3: Health Effects: Specific health effects of a given hazardous compound are reported by type of health effect (death, systemic, immunologic, reproductive), by route of exposure, and by length of exposure (acute, intermediate, and chronic). In addition, both human and animal studies are reported in this section.

NOTE: Not all health effects reported in this section are necessarily observed in the clinical setting. Please refer to the Public Health Statement to identify general health effects observed following exposure.

Pediatrics: Four new sections have been added to each Toxicological Profile to address child health issues:

Chapter 1 How Can (Chemical X) Affect Children?
Chapter 1 How Can Families Reduce the Risk of Exposure to (Chemical X)?
Section 3.7 Children’s Susceptibility
Section 6.6 Exposures of Children

Other Sections of Interest:

Section 3.8 Biomarkers of Exposure and Effect
Section 3.11 Methods for Reducing Toxic Effects

ATSDR Information Center

Phone: 1-800-CDC-INFO (800-232-4636) or 1-888-232-6348 (TTY)
Internet: http://www.atsdr.cdc.gov

The following additional material is available online at www.atsdr.cdc.gov:

Case Studies in Environmental Medicine—Case Studies are self-instructional publications designed to increase primary care provider’s knowledge of a hazardous substance in the environment and to aid in the evaluation of potentially exposed patients.

Managing Hazardous Materials Incidents is a three-volume set of recommendations for on-scene (prehospital) and hospital medical management of patients exposed during a hazardous materials incident.
Incident. Volumes I and II are planning guides to assist first responders and hospital emergency department personnel in planning for incidents that involve hazardous materials. Volume III—Medical Management Guidelines for Acute Chemical Exposures—is a guide for health care professionals treating patients exposed to hazardous materials.

Fact Sheets (ToxFAQs™) provide answers to frequently asked questions about toxic substances.

Other Agencies and Organizations

The National Center for Environmental Health (NCEH) focuses on preventing or controlling disease, injury, and disability related to the interactions between people and their environment outside the workplace. Contact: NCEH, Mailstop F-29, 4770 Buford Highway, NE, Atlanta, GA 30341-3724 • Phone: 770-488-7000 • FAX: 770-488-7015.

The National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH) conducts research on occupational diseases and injuries, responds to requests for assistance by investigating problems of health and safety in the workplace, recommends standards to the Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) and the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA), and trains professionals in occupational safety and health. Contact: NIOSH, 395 E Street, S.W., Suite 9200, Patriots Plaza Building, Washington, DC 20201 • Phone: (202) 245-0625 or 1-800-CDC-INFO (800-232-4636).

The National Institute of Environmental Health Sciences (NIEHS) is the principal federal agency for biomedical research on the effects of chemical, physical, and biologic environmental agents on human health and well-being. Contact: NIEHS, PO Box 12233, 104 T.W. Alexander Drive, Research Triangle Park, NC 27709 • Phone: 919-541-3212.

Clinical Resources

The Association of Occupational and Environmental Clinics (AOEC) has developed a network of clinics in the United States to provide expertise in occupational and environmental issues. Contact: AOEC, 1010 Vermont Avenue, NW, #513, Washington, DC 20005 • Phone: 202-347-4976 • FAX: 202-347-4950 • e-mail: AOEC@AOEC.ORG • Web Page: http://www.aoec.org/.

The American College of Occupational and Environmental Medicine (ACOEM) is an association of physicians and other health care providers specializing in the field of occupational and environmental medicine. Contact: ACOEM, 25 Northwest Point Boulevard, Suite 700, Elk Grove Village, IL 60007-1030 • Phone: 847-818-1800 • FAX: 847-818-9266.
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THE PROFILE HAS UNDERGONE THE FOLLOWING ATSDR INTERNAL REVIEWS:

1. Health Effects Review. The Health Effects Review Committee examines the health effects chapter of each profile for consistency and accuracy in interpreting health effects and classifying end points.

2. Minimal Risk Level Review. The Minimal Risk Level Workgroup considers issues relevant to substance-specific Minimal Risk Levels (MRLs), reviews the health effects database of each profile, and makes recommendations for derivation of MRLs.

3. Data Needs Review. The Environmental Toxicology Branch reviews data needs sections to assure consistency across profiles and adherence to instructions in the Guidance.

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A peer review panel was assembled for polybrominated diphenyl ethers. The panel consisted of the following members:

1. Dr. Stuart Harrad, Division of Environmental Health and Risk Management, School of Geography, Earth, and Environmental Sciences, University of Birmingham, Edgbaston, Birmingham, United Kingdom;

2. Dr. James R. Olson, Jr., Department of Chemistry, University at Buffalo, State University of New York, Buffalo, New York; and

3. Dr. Christopher Metcalfe, Metcalfe C. Environmental and Resource Studies, Trent University, 1600 West Bank Drive, Peterborough, Ontario, Canada.

These experts collectively have knowledge of polybrominated diphenyl ether’s physical and chemical properties, toxicokinetics, key health end points, mechanisms of action, human and animal exposure, and quantification of risk to humans. All reviewers were selected in conformity with the conditions for peer review specified in Section 104(I)(13) of the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act, as amended.

Scientists from the Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry (ATSDR) have reviewed the peer reviewers' comments and determined which comments will be included in the profile. A listing of the peer reviewers' comments not incorporated in the profile, with a brief explanation of the rationale for their exclusion, exists as part of the administrative record for this compound.

The citation of the peer review panel should not be understood to imply its approval of the profile's final content. The responsibility for the content of this profile lies with the ATSDR.
This page is intentionally blank.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CONTENTS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>DISCLAIMER ..........................................................</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UPDATE STATEMENT ..............................</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FOREWORD ..............................................</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>QUICK REFERENCE FOR HEALTH CARE PROVIDERS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CONTRIBUTORS ........................................</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PEER REVIEW .........................................</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CONTENTS ...........................................</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LIST OF FIGURES ...................................</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LIST OF TABLES ...................................</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1. PUBLIC HEALTH STATEMENT FOR POLYBROMINATED DIPHENYL ETHERS (PBDEs)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. RELEVANCE TO PUBLIC HEALTH ..........</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.1 BACKGROUND AND ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURES TO PBDEs IN THE UNITED STATES</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.2 SUMMARY OF HEALTH EFFECTS ..........</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.3 MINIMAL RISK LEVELS (MRLs) ..........</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. HEALTH EFFECTS ................................</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.1 INTRODUCTION .................................</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.2 DISCUSSION OF HEALTH EFFECTS BY ROUTE OF EXPOSURE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.2.1 Inhalation Exposure .....................</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.2.1.1 Death ......................................</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.2.1.2 Systemic Effects ......................</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.2.1.3 Immunological and Lymphoreticular Effects</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.2.1.4 Neurological Effects ...............</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.2.1.5 Reproductive Effects ...............</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.2.1.6 Developmental Effects ...............</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.2.1.7 Cancer ...................................</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.2.2 Oral Exposure .............................</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.2.2.1 Death ......................................</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.2.2.2 Systemic Effects ......................</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.2.2.3 Immunological and Lymphoreticular Effects</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.2.2.4 Neurological Effects ...............</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.2.2.5 Reproductive Effects ...............</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.2.2.6 Developmental Effects ...............</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.2.2.7 Cancer ...................................</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.2.3 Dermal Exposure .........................</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.2.3.1 Death ......................................</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.2.3.2 Systemic Effects ......................</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.2.3.3 Immunological and Lymphoreticular Effects</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.2.3.4 Neurological Effects ...............</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.2.3.5 Reproductive Effects ...............</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.2.3.6 Developmental Effects ...............</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.2.3.7 Cancer ...................................</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.3 GENOTOXICITY .................................</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.4 TOXICOKINETICS .............................</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.4.1 Absorption ..................................</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.4.1.1 Inhalation Exposure ..................</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.4.1.2 Oral Exposure ..........................</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
6.3.2.2 Water ............................................................................................................................ 347
6.3.2.3 Sediment and Soil ........................................................................................................ 351
6.3.2.4 Other Media ................................................................................................................. 351
6.4 LEVELS MONITORED OR ESTIMATED IN THE ENVIRONMENT ........................................ 351
6.4.1 Air ....................................................................................................................................... 352
6.4.2 Water ................................................................................................................................... 355
6.4.3 Sediment and Soil ............................................................................................................... 356
6.4.4 Other Environmental Media ............................................................................................. 360
6.5 GENERAL POPULATION AND OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE ........................................ 400
6.6 EXPOSURES OF CHILDREN ................................................................................................. 403
6.7 POPULATIONS WITH POTENTIALLY HIGH EXPOSURES .............................................. 404
6.8 ADEQUACY OF THE DATABASE ....................................................................................... 405
6.8.1 Identification of Data Needs ............................................................................................. 405
6.8.2 Ongoing Studies ................................................................................................................ 409

7. ANALYTICAL METHODS ............................................................................................................ 411
7.1 BIOLOGICAL MATERIALS .................................................................................................. 413
7.2 ENVIRONMENTAL SAMPLES ............................................................................................. 416
7.3 ADEQUACY OF THE DATABASE ....................................................................................... 421
7.3.1 Identification of Data Needs ............................................................................................. 421
7.3.2 Ongoing Studies ................................................................................................................ 422

8. REGULATIONS, ADVISORIES, AND GUIDELINES ............................................................. 423

9. REFERENCES ............................................................................................................................ 429

10. GLOSSARY ............................................................................................................................... 527

APPENDICES
A. ATSDR MINIMAL RISK LEVELS AND WORKSHEETS .................................................. A-1
B. USER’S GUIDE ....................................................................................................................... B-1
C. ACRONYMS, ABBREVIATIONS, AND SYMBOLS ............................................................. C-1

***DRAFT FOR PUBLIC COMMENT***
LIST OF FIGURES

3-1. Levels of Significant Exposure to Lower Brominated Diphenyl Ethers – Inhalation ......................... 47
3-2. Levels of Significant Exposure to Lower Brominated Diphenyl Ethers – Oral .............................. 141
3-3. Levels of Significant Exposure to Decabromodiphenyl Ether – Oral ............................................. 213
3-4. Structures and General Metabolic Scheme for Hydroxylated Metabolites of BDE 47 Produced by Human Liver Microsomes ................................................................................................................................. 241
3-5. Structures and General Metabolic Scheme for Hydroxylated Metabolites of BDE 99 Produced by Human Liver Microsomes ................................................................................................................................. 242
3-6. Structures and General Metabolic Scheme for Hydroxylated Metabolites of BDE 100 Produced by Human Liver Microsomes and Human CYP2B6 ........................................................................................................ 243
3-7. Conceptual Representation of a Physiologically Based Pharmacokinetic (PBPK) Model for a Hypothetical Chemical Substance ................................................................................................................. 250
3-8. Existing Information on Health Effects of Polybrominated Diphenyl Ethers (PBDEs) ....................... 292
6-2. Temporal Trends in the Concentrations (ng/g Lipid Weight) of PBDE Congeners in Lake Trout from Lake Ontario, Canada ................................................................................................................................. 372

***DRAFT FOR PUBLIC COMMENT***
LIST OF TABLES

3-1. Levels of Significant Exposure to Lower Brominated Diphenyl Ethers – Inhalation ......................... 44
3-2. Levels of Significant Exposure to Lower Brominated Diphenyl Ethers – Oral .................................... 99
3-3. Levels of Significant Exposure to Decabromodiphenyl Ether – Oral ................................................. 194
3-4. Levels of Significant Exposure to Lower Brominated Diphenyl Ethers – Dermal ............................... 219
3-5. Genotoxicity of Polybrominated Diphenyl Ethers (PBDEs) In Vivo ...................................................... 223
3-6. Genotoxicity of Polybrominated Diphenyl Ethers (PBDEs) In Vitro ..................................................... 224
3-7. Ongoing Research for PBDEs................................................................................................................ 307
4-1. Chemical Identity of Polybrominated Diphenyl Ether (PBDE) Congeners ............................................ 315
4-2. Chemical Identity of Technical Polybrominated Diphenyl Ethers (PBDEs) ........................................... 321
4-3. Physical and Chemical Properties of Technical Polybrominated Diphenyl Ether (PBDE) Mixtures .............................................................. 323
4-4. Physical and Chemical Properties of Some Polybrominated Diphenyl Ether (PBDE) Congeners .... 325
4-5. Typical Congener Composition of Penta-, Octa-, and Deca- Brominated Diphenyl Ether (BDE) ... 327
5-1. Facilities that Produce, Process, or Use Decabromodiphenyl Ether .................................................. 330
6-1. Releases to the Environment from Facilities that Produce, Process, or Use Decabromodiphenyl Ether .................................................................................................................... 338
6-2. Concentrations (pg/m³) of Several Polybrominated Diphenyl Ethers (PBDEs) in Air Samples ...... 353
6-3. Concentrations (ng/g) of Several Polybrominated Diphenyl Ethers (PBDEs) in Sediment and Suspended Particulate Samples ........................................................................................................ 358
6-4. PBDE Concentrations (pg/g Wet Weight) in 18 U.S. Meat and Fish Samples ............................................. 362
6-5. Concentrations (ng/g Dry Weight) of Several Polybrominated Diphenyl Ethers (PBDEs) in Biosolids (Sewage Sludge) and Effluents ..................................................................................... 365
6-6. Concentrations (ng/g Lipid Weight, Except as Noted) of Several Polybrominated Diphenyl Ethers (PBDEs) in Freshwater Fish Samples from the United States ................................................................ 367
6-7. Concentrations (ng/g Lipid Weight Except as Noted) of Several Polybrominated Diphenyl Ethers (PBDEs) in Freshwater Fish Samples from Europe .......................................................... 373
6-8. Concentrations (ng/g Lipid Weight) of Several Polybrominated Diphenyl Ethers (PBDEs) in Marine Aquatic Species ..................................................................................................................... 377

***DRAFT FOR PUBLIC COMMENT***
6-9. Concentrations (ng/g Lipid Weight) of Several Polybrominated Diphenyl Ethers (PBDEs) in Marine Animals ................................................................................................................................ 381

6-10. Concentrations (ng/g Lipid Weight) of Several Polybrominated Diphenyl Ethers (PBDEs) in Human Blood Samples ................................................................................................................................ 388

6-11. Concentrations (ng/g Lipid Weight) of Several Polybrominated Diphenyl Ethers (PBDEs) in Human Adipose Tissue Samples ................................................................................................................................ 390

6-12. Concentrations (ng/g Lipid Weight) of Several Polybrominated Diphenyl Ethers (PBDEs) in Human Breast Milk Samples ................................................................................................................................ 391

6-13. Concentrations of PBDE Congeners in Human Milk from Nursing Mothers in the United States (2001–2004) (ng/g Lipid)....................................................................................................... 397

7-1. Analytical Methods for Determining Polybrominated Diphenyl Ethers (PBDEs) in Biological Materials ........................................................................................................................................... 414

7-2. Analytical Methods for Determining Polybrominated Diphenyl Ethers (PBDEs) in Environmental Samples ........................................................................................................................................... 417

8-1. Regulations, Advisories, and Guidelines Applicable to PBDEs ........................................................................................................................................... 426

***DRAFT FOR PUBLIC COMMENT***