1,1-DICHLOROETHENE 120

CHAPTER 7. REGULATIONS AND GUIDELINES

Pertinent international and national regulations, advisories, and guidelines regarding 1,1-dichloroethene in air, water, and other media are summarized in Table 7-1. This table is not an exhaustive list, and current regulations should be verified by the appropriate regulatory agency.

ATSDR develops MRLs, which are substance-specific guidelines intended to serve as screening levels by ATSDR health assessors and other responders to identify contaminants and potential health effects that may be of concern at hazardous waste sites. See Section 1.3 and Appendix A for detailed information on the MRLs for 1,1-dichloroethene.

Table 7-1. Regulations and Guidelines Applicable to 1,1-Dichloroethene				
Agency	Description	Information	Reference	
	Air			
EPA	RfC	2x10 ⁻¹ mg/m ³ (0.05 ppm)	IRIS 2005	
WHO	Air quality guidelines	Not listed	WHO 2010	
	Water &	Food		
EPA	Drinking water standards and health advisories		EPA 2018a	
	1-Day health advisory (10-kg child)	2 mg/L		
	10-Day health advisory (10-kg child)	1 mg/L		
	DWEL	2 mg/L		
	Lifetime health advisory	0.4 mg/L		
	10 ⁻⁴ Cancer risk	0.006 mg/L		
	National primary drinking water regulations		EPA 2009b	
	MCL and public health goal	0.007 mg/L		
	RfD	5x10 ⁻² mg/kg/day	IRIS 2005	
WHO	Drinking water quality guidelines	Not established	WHO 2017	
FDA	Substances Added to Food	Not listed ^a	FDA 2020c	
	List of Indirect Additives Used in Food Contact Substances	Approved under indirect additives regulations	FDA 2019	
	Allowable level in bottled water	0.007 mg/L	FDA 2017	
Cancer				
HHS	Carcinogenicity classification	No data	NTP 2016	
EPA	Carcinogenicity classification	Group C ^{b,c}	IRIS 2005	
IARC	Carcinogenicity classification	Group 2Bd	IARC 2019	
	Occupat	ional		
ACGIH	TLV (TWA)—air	5 ppm (20 mg/m ³)	ACGIH 2001	
OSHA	PEL (8-hour TWA) for general industry, shipyards, and construction—air	No data	OSHA <u>2019a</u> , <u>2019b</u> , <u>2019c</u>	

7. REGULATIONS AND GUIDELINES

Table 7-1. Regulations and Guidelines Applicable to 1,1-Dichloroethene					
Agency	Description	Information	Reference		
NIOSH	REL (up to 10-hour TWA)	Cae	NIOSH 2019		
	IDLH	Cae			
Emergency Criteria					
EPA	AEGLs-air	Not listed	EPA 2018b		
DOE	PACs-air		DOE 2018a		
	PAC-1 ^f	45 ppm			
	PAC-2 ^f	500 ppm			
	PAC-3 ^f	1,000 ppm			

^aThe Substances Added to Food inventory replaces EAFUS and contains the following types of ingredients: food and color additives listed in FDA regulations, flavoring substances evaluated by FEMA or JECFA, GRAS substances listed in FDA regulations, substances approved for specific uses in food prior to September 6, 1958, substances that are listed in FDA regulations as prohibited in food, delisted color additives, and some substances "no longer FEMA GRAS".

ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists; AEGL = acute exposure guideline levels; DOE = Department of Energy; DWEL = drinking water equivalent level; EAFUS = Everything Added to Food in the United States; EPA = Environmental Protection Agency; FDA = Food and Drug Administration; FEMA = Flavor and Extract Manufacturers Association of the United States; GRAS = generally recognized as safe; HHS = Department of Health and Human Services; IARC = International Agency for Research on Cancer; IDLH = immediately dangerous to life or health concentration; IRIS = Integrated Risk Information System; JECFA = Joint FAO/WHO Expert Committee on Food Additives; MCL = maximum contaminant level; NIOSH = National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health; NTP = National Toxicology Program; OSHA = Occupational Safety and Health Administration; PAC = Protective Action Criteria; PEL = permissible exposure limit; REL = recommended exposure limit; RfC = inhalation reference concentration; RfD = oral reference dose; TLV = threshold limit values; TWA = time-weighted average; WHO = World Health Organization

^bGroup C: possible human carcinogen.

^cSuggestive evidence of carcinogenicity via the inhalation route, but not sufficient evidence to assess human carcinogenic potential following inhalation exposure. Data are inadequate for an assessment of human carcinogenic potential via the oral route.

^dGroup 2B: possibly carcinogenic to humans.

ePotential occupational carcinogen.

Definitions of PAC terminology are available from U.S. Department of Energy (DOE 2018b).