2,4,6-TRINITROTOLUENE

7. REGULATIONS AND ADVISORIES

The international, national, and state regulations and guidelines regarding 2,4,6-trinitrotoluene in air, water, and other media are summarized in Table 7-1.

ATSDR has derived an MRL of 0.0005 mg/kg/day for intermediate oral exposure to 2,4,6-trinitrotoluene (see Section 2.4). EPA (IRIS 1994) assigned 2,4,6-trinitrotoluene a reference dose (RfD) of 5.00x10⁻⁴ mg/kg/day with an uncertainty factor of 1,000 based on liver effects observed in dogs in a 26-week feeding study (Army 1983a).

EPA has assigned 2,4,6-trinitrotoluene a weight-of-evidence carcinogenic classification of C, which indicates that 2,4,6-trinitrotoluene is a possible human carcinogen (IRIS 1994).

The Drinking Water Equivalent Level (DWEL), a lifetime exposure at which adverse health effects would not be expected to occur, is 20 μ g/L for 2,4,6-trinitrotoluene (EPA 1989b, 1994). Because of the lack of appropriate data for determination of the One-day Health Advisory and the Ten-day Health Advisory, it is suggested that the DWEL be used as a conservative estimate. The Longer-term Health Advisory for both children and adults is 20 μ g/L, which is equivalent to the DWEL. The Lifetime Health Advisory is 2 μ g/L.

Based on EPA Guidelines, an acceptable daily intake of 44.25 μ g/L was calculated (Army 1987d). The available data for calculating water quality criteria for 2,4,6-trinitrotoluene were insufficient to meet all of the EPA guidelines requirements. However, enough information was available to calculate a reasonable estimate of the criterion maximum concentration, 557 μ g/L, to protect aquatic life. The other component of the criteria, the criterion continuous concentration, needs further research. The criterion to protect human health has been estimated to be 135 μ g/L, but further research is needed to confirm this value.

7. REGULATIONS AND ADVISORIES

TABLE 7-1. Regulations and Guidelines Applicable to 2,4,6-Trinitrotoluene

| Agency | Description | Information | References |
|--------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| NATIONAL | | | |
| Regulations: a. Air: | | | |
| OSHA | PEL TWA (skin designation) | 0.5 mg/m ³ | OSHA 1989a (29 CFR 1910.1000); OSHA 1989b |
| b. Other: | | | |
| EPA OSW | Listing as a hazardous waste: Wastewater treatment sludge from the manufacturing and processing of explosives | Yes | EPA 1989c |
| DOT | Designated as a hazardous substance subject to requirements for packaging, labeling, and transportation TNT dryclass A explosive (high explosive) TNT wetflammable solid | Yes | DOT 1989a (49 CFR 172.101); Appendix A); DOT 1989b |
| Guidelines: | | | |
| a. Air: | | 0.5(3 | A CCUL 1002 |
| ACGIH NIOSH | TLV TWA (skin designation) | 0.5 mg/m ³ 0.5 mg/m ³ | ACGIH 1993 NIOSH 1990 |
| ACGIH | REL TWA (10 hours) STEL | No data | ACGIH 1993 |
| b. Water | | | |
| EPA ODW | Health advisories | | EPA 1993 |
| | DWEL | 20 μg/L | |
| | One-day | 20 μg/L | |
| | Ten-day | 20 μg/L | |
| | Longer term | 20 μg/L | |
| | Lifetime | 2 μg/L | |
| | 10 ⁻⁴ Cancer risk level | 100 μg/L | |
| | MCL MCLG | No data No data | |
| c. Other: | MCLG | No data | |
| EPA | | | |
| Zi. / i | RfD (oral) | 5.0x10⁴ mg/kg/day | EPA 1993 |
| | Carcinogenic classification | Group C" | EPA 1993 |
| | Unit risk (air) | No data | IRIS 1994 |
| | Unit risk (water) | No data | IRIS 1994 |
| STATE | | | |
| Regulations and | | | |
| Guidelines: | | | N.A. TELEVISION 1000 |
| a. Air: | Acceptable Ambient Air Concentrations | 1.00101/3 | NATICH 1992 |
| Connecticut Florida-Pinellas | (8 hours) (8 hours) | 1.00x10 ¹ µg/m³ 5.00 µg/m³ | |
| Florida-Pinellas Florida-Pinellas | (8 hours) | 1.20 µg/m³ | |
| Nevada | (8 hours) | 1.20 μg/m 1.20x10 ⁻² mg/m ³ | |
| North Dakota | (8 hours) | 5.00x10 ⁻³ mg/m ³ | |
| Oklahoma | (24 hours) | 5.00x10 ¹ µg/m ³ | |
| Texas | (30 minutes) | 5.00 μg/m ³ | |
| Texas | (Annual) | 5.00x10 ⁻¹ μg/m ³ | |
| Virginia | (24 hours) | 8.30 μg/m ³ | |

7. REGULATIONS AND ADVISORIES

TABLE 7-1. Regulations and Guidelines Applicable to 2,4,6-Trinitrotoluene (continued)

| Agency | Description | Information | References |
|------------------|--|-------------|------------|
| | | | |
| Other: | | | |
| | Transportation of explosives is in accordance | | CELDS 1991 |
| | with the U.S. Department of Transportation | | |
| | hazardous materials regulations (49 CFR 171- | | |
| | 190) and the motor carrier safety regulations | | |
| | (49 CFR 390-398) with some exceptions or addit | ional | |
| | requirements that vary from state to state | | |
| Alabama | | Yes | |
| Alaska | | Yes | |
| Arizona | | Yes | |
| California | | Yes | |
| Connecticut | | Yes | |
| Colorado | | Yes | |
| Delaware | | Yes | |
| Florida | | Yes | |
| Georgia | | Yes | • |
| Hawaii | | Yes | |
| Idaho | | Yes | |
| | | Yes | |
| Indiana | | Yes | |
| Iowa | | | |
| Louisiana | | Yes | |
| Maryland | | Yes | |
| Massachusetts | | Yes | |
| Michigan | | Yes | |
| Minnesota | | Yes | |
| Mississippi | | Yes | |
| Missouri | | Yes | |
| Montana | | Yes | |
| Nebraska | | Yes | |
| New Jersey | | Yes | |
| New Mexico | | Yes | |
| North Carolina | | Yes | |
| North Dakota | | Yes | |
| New York | | Yes | |
| Ohio | | Yes | |
| Oregon | | Yes | |
| Rhode Island | | Yes | |
| South Dakota | | Yes | |
| Tennessee | | Yes | |
| Texas | | Yes | |
| | | Yes | |
| Utah | | Yes | |
| Virginia | | Yes | |
| Vermont | | | |
| Washington | | Yes | |
| Washington, D.C. | | Yes | |
| West Virginia | | Yes | |
| Wisconsin | | Yes | |
| Wyoming | | Yes | |
| | Rules and regulations for air quality | | CELDS 1991 |
| | control and/or solid waste disposal have been established for explosives in general. The regulations vary from state to state. | | |
| Alabama | Pretreatment standards for discharge | Yes | |
| Aiduallia | Hazardous waste: thermal treatment | Yes | |
| | | 100 | |

7. REGULATIONS AND ADVISORIES

TABLE 7-1. Regulations and Guidelines Applicable to 2,4,6-Trinitrotoluene (continued)

| Agency | Description | Information | References |
|------------------|--|-------------|------------|
| Arkansas | Calid made shows and called | V | |
| Colorado | Solid waste storage and collection | Yes Yes | |
| Connecticut | Fugitive dust Hazardous waste: thermal treatment | res Yes | |
| Florida | Hazardous waste: thermal treatment | res Yes | |
| Georgia | Open burning | Yes | |
| Illinois | Sewer discharge | Yes | |
| Indiana | Open burning | Yes | |
| Kentucky | Hazardous waste management | Yes | |
| Louisiana | Open burning | Yes | |
| Minnesota | Hazardous waste management | Yes | |
| New Hampshire | Open burning | Yes | |
| New Jersey | Hazardous waste management | Yes | |
| New Mexico | Hazardous waste management | Yes | |
| Nevada | Hazardous waste management | Yes | |
| North Carolina | Hazardous waste management Hazardous waste: thermal treatment | Yes | |
| North Dakota | Fugitive emissions | Yes | |
| Pennsylvania | Fugitive emissions | Yes | |
| South Carolina | Open burning | Yes | |
| Tennessee | Hazardous waste: thermal treatment | Yes | |
| Utah | Hazardous waste management | Yes | |
| Vermont | Open burning | Yes | |
| Virginia | Solid waste management | Yes | |
| Wisconsin | Open burning and malodorous | Yes | |
| Wisconsin | emissions | res | |
| | Explosive control laws regulate storage, | | CELDS 1991 |
| | manufacture, and use (regulations vary | | |
| Alaska | from state to state) | | |
| California | | Yes Yes | |
| Connecticut | | res Yes | |
| Georgia | | Yes | |
| Hawaii | | Yes | |
| Indiana | | Yes | |
| Iowa | | Yes | |
| Kansas | | res Yes | |
| New Jersey | | Yes | |
| Massachusetts | | Yes | |
| Nebraska | | Yes | |
| New Jersey | | Yes | |
| Oklahoma | | Yes | |
| Oregon | | Yes | |
| Washington, D.C. | | Yes | |
| West Virginia | | Yes | |
| Wisconsin | | Yes | |

*Group C=Possible human carcinogen

ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists; DOT = Department of Transportation; DWEL = Drinking Water Equivalent Level; EPA = Environmental Protection Agency; NIOSH = National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health; ODW = Office of Drinking Water; OSHA = Occupational Safety and Health Administration; OSW = Office of Solid Waste; PEL = Permissible Exposure Limit; REL = Recommended Exposure Limits; RfD = Reference Dose; TLV = Threshold Limit Value; TNT = 2,4,6-Trinitrotoluene; TWA = Time-Weighted Average

7. REGULATIONS AND ADVISORIES

Under the Hazardous Materials Transportation Act, 2,4,6-trinitrotoluene is designated as a hazardous substance subject to special requirements for packaging, labeling, and transportation as a result of its explosive/flammable properties (DOT 1989a, 1989b).

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