CARBON DISULFIDE
MSDS Number: C0957 — Effective Date: 11/17/99

1. Product Identification

Synonyms: Carbon bisulfide  CAS No.: 75-15-0  Molecular Weight: 76.1  Chemical Formula: CS2
Product Codes:  J.T. Baker: 9172, E350
               Mallinckrodt: 8831

2. Composition/Information on Ingredients

Ingredient CAS No Percent Hazardous
Carbon Disulfide 75-15-0 90 - 100% Yes

3. Hazards Identification

Emergency Overview: Danger! Extremely flammable liquid and vapor. Vapor may cause flash fire. May be fatal if swallowed or inhaled. Harmful if absorbed through skin. Affects the central and peripheral nervous systems. A developmental and reproductive hazard. Affects cardiovascular system, liver and kidneys.

J.T. Baker SAF-T-DATA™ Ratings (Provided here for your convenience)
Health Rating: 3 - Severe (Life)
Flammability Rating: 4 - Extreme (Flammable)
Reactivity Rating: 2 - Moderate
Contact Rating: 3 - Severe (Life)
Lab Protective Equip: GOGGLES & SHIELD; LAB COAT & APRON; VENT HOOD; PROPER GLOVES; CLASS B EXTINGUISHER
Storage Color Code: Red (Flammable)

Potential Health Effects

Inhalation: Vapors cause irritation to the respiratory tract, followed by symptoms of headache, dizziness, fatigue, garlic breath, nausea, vomiting, and abdominal pains. Affects the central nervous system and peripheral nervous system. Overexposure may produce hallucinations, narcosis, unconsciousness, convulsions, and even death.

Ingestion: TOXIC! Symptoms parallel those of inhalation. May cause permanent disabilities described below in Chronic Exposure.

Skin Contact: May produce reddening and burning, cracking and peeling. Contact with liquid for several minutes may result in a second-degree burn. Skin absorption can occur even in the presence of vapors, with toxic effects paralleling inhalation.

Eye Contact: Vapors cause eye irritation. Splashes cause severe irritation, possible corneal burns and eye damage.

Chronic Exposure: Kidney and liver damage, reproductive disorders, central and peripheral nervous system damage, vision problems, psychosis, and cardiovascular effects are associated with chronic exposure to Carbon Disulfide.

Aggravation of Pre-existing Conditions: Persons with pre-existing skin disorders or eye problems, or impaired liver, kidney or respiratory function may be more susceptible to the effects of the substance. Affects the developing fetus.

4. First Aid Measures

FOLLOWING ANY ROUTE OF EXPOSURE GET MEDICAL ATTENTION IMMEDIATELY.

Inhalation: Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention.
Ingestion: Induce vomiting immediately as directed by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention.

Skin Contact: Immediately flush skin with plenty of soap and water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

Eye Contact: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, lifting lower and upper eyelids occasionally. Get medical attention immediately.

Note to Physician: Since effects may be delayed, keep victim under observation. The iodide-azide test is useful in detecting degree of exposure and hyposusceptibility of exposed workers. I.V. urea 0.5 to 1.5 g/kg is recommended to inactivate free carbon disulfide in the blood. Vitamin B6 in large doses is recommended. Obtain CBC, EKG, urinalysis, and electrolyte balance.

5. Fire Fighting Measures

Fire: Flash point: -30°C (-22°F) CC Autoignition temperature: 90°C (194°F) Flammable limits in air % by volume: lel: 1.3;uel: 50

Explosion: Above flash point, vapor-air mixtures are explosive within flammable limits noted above. Vapors can flow along surfaces to distant ignition source and flash back. Sealed containers may rupture when heated. Sensitive to static discharge.

Fire Extinguishing Media: Dry chemical, foam or carbon dioxide. Fluoroprotein and protein foams are recommended over other types for carbon disulfide. Water spray may be used to keep fire exposed containers cool. Do not allow water runoff to enter sewers or waterways.

Special Information: In the event of a fire, wear full protective clothing and NIOSH-approved self-contained breathing apparatus with full facepiece operated in the pressure demand or other positive pressure mode. This highly flammable liquid must be kept from sparks, open flame, hot surfaces, and all sources of heat and ignition. Flush area with water spray to cool containers and prevent reignition.

6. Accidental Release Measures

Ventilate area of leak or spill. Remove all sources of ignition. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment as specified in Section 8. Isolate hazard area. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Contain and recover liquid when possible. Use non-sparking tools and equipment. Collect liquid in an appropriate container or absorb with an inert material (e.g., vermiculite, dry sand, earth), and place in a chemical waste container. Do not use combustible materials, such as saw dust. Do not flush to sewer! US Regulations (CERCLA) require reporting spills and releases to soil, water and air in excess of reportable quantities. The toll free number for the US Coast Guard National Response Center is (800) 424-8802. J. T. Baker SOLUSORB(R) solvent adsorbent is recommended for spills of this product.

7. Handling and Storage

Protect against physical damage. Store in a cool, dry well-ventilated location, away from any area where the fire hazard may be acute. Outside or detached storage is preferred. Separate from incompatibles. Containers should be bonded and grounded for transfers to avoid static sparks. Storage and use areas should be No Smoking areas. Use non-sparking type tools and equipment, including explosion proof equipment. Prepare safe grounding routes for lightning strikes in storage area. Electrical installations and heating facilities must be prohibited in or near storage areas. Containers of this material may be hazardous when empty since they retain product residues (vapors, liquid); observe all warnings and precautions listed for the product.

8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Airborne Exposure Limits: OSHA Z-2 TWA, 8 hour 20 ppm; 30 ppm Ceiling; 100 ppm Peak Concentration; Maximum Duration 30 minutes ACGIH Threshold Limit Value (TLV): 10 ppm (TWA) (skin)

Ventilation System: A system of local and/or general exhaust is recommended to keep employee exposures below the Airborne Exposure Limits. Local exhaust ventilation is generally preferred because it can control the emissions of the contaminant at its source, preventing dispersion of it into the general work area. Please refer to the ACGIH document, Industrial Ventilation, A Manual of Recommended Practices, most recent edition, for details.

Personal Respirators (NIOSH Approved): If the exposure limit is exceeded, a half-face organic vapor respirator may be worn for up to ten times the exposure limit or the maximum use concentration specified by the appropriate regulatory agency or respirator supplier, whichever is lowest. A full-face piece organic vapor respirator may be worn up to 50 times the exposure limit or the maximum use concentration specified by the appropriate regulatory agency or respirator supplier, whichever is lowest. For emergencies or instances where the exposure levels are not known, use a full-face piece positive-pressure, air-supplied respirator. WARNING: Air-purifying respirators do not protect workers in oxygen-deficient atmospheres.

Skin Protection: Wear impervious protective clothing, including boots, gloves, lab coat, apron or coveralls, as appropriate, to prevent skin contact.

Eye Protection: Use chemical safety goggles and/or a full face shield where splashing is possible. Maintain eye wash fountain and quick-drench facilities in work area.
9. Physical and Chemical Properties

- **Appearance:** Clear, colorless liquid.
- **Solubility:** 0.2 gm/100 ml water.
- **pH:** No information found.
- **Boiling Point:** 46C (115F)
- **Vapor Density (Air=1):** 2.6
- **Evaporation Rate (BuAc=1):** 22.6
- **Density:** 1.26
- **% Volatiles by volume @ 21C (70F):** 100
- **Vapor Pressure (mm Hg):** 300 @ 20C (68F)

10. Stability and Reactivity

- **Stability:** Stable at room temperature in sealed containers. Heat and sunlight can contribute to instability. Containers may burst when heated.
- **Hazardous Decomposition Products:** Burning may produce carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, sulfur oxides.
- **Hazardous Polymerization:** Will not occur.
- **Incompatibilities:** Contact with strong oxidizers and chemically active metals (such as Potassium, Zinc), chlorine, nitrogen oxides, azides, and organic amines may cause fire and explosions.
- **Conditions to Avoid:** Heat, flames, ignition sources and incompatibles.

11. Toxicological Information

- **Toxicological Data:** Inhalation rat LC50: 25 gm/m3/2H. Investigated as a mutagen, reproductive effector.
- **Reproductive Toxicity:** Carbon disulfide is a known human reproductive hazard. Menstrual disorders, spontaneous abortions and premature births are reported in cases of chronic exposure.
- **Cancer Lists**

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<td>No</td>
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12. Ecological Information

- **Environmental Fate:** When released into the soil, this material may biodegrade to a moderate extent. When released into the soil, this material is expected to leach into groundwater. When released into the water, this material is expected to have a half-life of less than 1 day. This material has an experimentally-determined bioconcentration factor (BCF) of less than 100. This material is not expected to significantly bioaccumulate. When released into the air, this material is expected to be readily degraded by reaction with photochemically produced hydroxyl radicals. When released into the air, this material is expected to have a half-life between 1 and 10 days.
- **Environmental Toxicity:** No information found.

13. Disposal Considerations

Whatever cannot be saved for recovery or recycling should be handled as hazardous waste and sent to a RCRA approved incinerator or disposed in a RCRA approved waste facility. Processing, use or contamination of this product may change the waste management options. State and local disposal regulations may differ from federal disposal regulations. Dispose of container and unused contents in accordance with federal, state and local requirements.

14. Transport Information

**Domestic (Land, D.O.T.)**
- **Proper Shipping Name:** CARBON DISULFIDE
- **Hazard Class:** 3, 6.1
- **UN/NA:** UN1131
- **Packing Group:** I
- **Information reported for product/size:** 2.5L

**International (Water, I.M.O.)**
- **Proper Shipping Name:** CARBON DISULPHIDE
- **Hazard Class:** 3.1, 6.1
- **UN/NA:** UN1131
- **Packing Group:** I
- **Information reported for product/size:** 2.5L

**International (Air, I.C.A.O.)**
- **Proper Shipping Name:** CARBON DISULPHIDE
- **Hazard Class:** 3.1, 6.1
- **UN/NA:** UN1131
- **Packing Group:** I
- **Information reported for product/size:** 2.5L
### 15. Regulatory Information

#### Chemical Inventory Status - Part 1

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#### Federal, State & International Regulations - Part 1

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#### Federal, State & International Regulations - Part 2

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Chemical Weapons Convention: No  
TSCA 12(b): No  
CDTA: No  
SARA 311/312: Acute: Yes  
Chronic: Yes  
Fire: Yes  
Pressure: No  
Reactivity: No  (Pure / Liquid)

**WARNING:** THIS PRODUCT CONTAINS A CHEMICAL(S) KNOWN TO THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA TO CAUSE BIRTH DEFECTS OR OTHER REPRODUCTIVE HARM.

**Australian Hazchem Code:** 3WE

**Poison Schedule:** S6

**WHMIS:** This MSDS has been prepared according to the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the MSDS contains all of the information required by the CPR.

### 16. Other Information

**NFPA Ratings:** Health: 3  Flammability: 4  Reactivity: 0

**Label Hazard Warning:** DANGER! EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE LIQUID AND VAPOR. VAPOR MAY CAUSE FLASH FIRE. MAY BE FATAL IF SWALLOWED OR INHALED. HARMFUL IF ABSORBED THROUGH SKIN. AFFECTS THE CENTRAL AND PERIPHERAL NERVOUS SYSTEMS. A DEVELOPMENTAL AND REPRODUCTIVE HAZARD. AFFECTS CARDIOVASCULAR SYSTEM, LIVER AND KIDNEYS.

**Label Precautions:** Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Do not breathe vapor. Keep container closed. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wash thoroughly after handling.

**Label First Aid:** If swallowed, induce vomiting immediately as directed by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. In case of contact, immediately flush eyes or skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. In all cases, get medical attention.

**Product Use:** Laboratory Reagent.

**Revision Information:** No changes.

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