9. REFERENCES


ACGIH. 1995. Threshold limit values for chemicals substances and physical agents and biological exposure indices for 1995-1996. American Conferences of Governmental Industrial Hygienists, Cincinnati, OH.

*ACGIH. 1998. 1998 TLVs and BEIs. Threshold limit values for chemical substances and physical agents. Biological exposure indices. American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists, Cincinnati, OH.


*Cited in text
9. REFERENCES


9. REFERENCES


9. REFERENCES


*Anitescu G, Tavlarides LL.  1998.  Solubility of individual polychlorinated biphenyl (PCB) congeners in supercritical fluids: CO\textsubscript{2}/CO\textsubscript{2}/MeOH and CO\textsubscript{2}/n-C\textsubscript{4}H\textsubscript{10}.  Journal of Supercritical Fluids 14(3):197-211.
9. REFERENCES


9. REFERENCES


9. REFERENCES


*ATSDR/CDC. 1990. Biomarkers of organ damage or dysfunction for the renal, hepatobiliary, and immune systems. Subcommittee on Biomarkers of Organ Damage and Dysfunction, Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry, Atlanta, GA.


Aulerich RJ, Ringer RK, Safronoff J. 1990. Assessment of primary vs secondary toxicity of Aroclor® 1254 to mink. Michigan State University, Department of Animal Science, East Lansing, MI.


9. REFERENCES


9. REFERENCES


*Barsotti DA, Van Miller JP. 1984. Accumulation of a commercial polychlorinated biphenyl mixture (Aroclor 1016) in adult Rhesus monkeys and their nursing infants. Toxicology 30:31-44.


9. REFERENCES


*Bell M. 1983. Ultrastructural features of the murine cutaneous microvasculature after exposure to polychlorinated biphenyls compounds (PCBs) and benzo-(a)-pyrene (BAP). Virchows Arch B Cell Pathol 42:131-142.


*Benthe HF, Knop J, Schmoldt A. 1972. [Absorption and distribution of polychlorinated biphenyls (PCB) after inhalatory application]. Arch Toxikol 29:85-95. (German)


*Berggrena P, Ishaq R, Zebuhr Y, et al. 1999. Patterns and levels of organochlorines (DDTs, PCBs, non-ortho PCBs and PCDD/Fs) in male harbour porpoises (phocoena phocoena) from the Baltic Sea, the Kattegat-Skagerrak Seas and the west coast of Norway. Mar Pollut Bull 38(12):1070-1084.


9. REFERENCES


9. REFERENCES


9. REFERENCES


**REFERENCES**


9. REFERENCES


9. REFERENCES


9. REFERENCES


9. REFERENCES


9. REFERENCES


9. REFERENCES


*Chiarenzelli J, Serudato R, Bush B, et al. 1998. Do large-scale remedial and dredging events have the potential to release significant amounts of semivolatile compounds to the atmosphere? Environ Health Perspect 106:47-49.


9. REFERENCES


9. REFERENCES


*Currado GM, Harrad S. Air-to-grass transfer of PCBs. Organohalogen Compounds 41:409-411.


*Darnerud PO, Morse D, Klasson-Wehler E, et al. 1996a. Binding of a 3,3', 4,4'-tetrachlorobiphenyl (CB-77) metabolite to fetal transthyretin and effects on fetal thyroid hormone levels in mice. Toxicology 106(1-3):105-114.


9. REFERENCES


De Haan LHJ, Simons JFA, Bos AT, et al. 1994. Inhibition of intercellular communication by 2,3,7,8-tetrachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin and dioxin-like PCBs in mouse hepatoma cells (Hepa1c1c7): Involvement of the Ah receptor. Toxicol Appl Pharmacol 129:283-293.


9. REFERENCES


9. REFERENCES


9. REFERENCES


*EPA. 1978c. U.S. Environmental Protection Agency. Support document: Draft voluntary environmental impact statement for polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs) manufacturing, processing, distribution in commerce and use ban regulation (Section 6(e) of TSCA).
9. REFERENCES


*EPA. 1984d. Intrauterine exposure of humans to PCBs (polychlorinated biphenyls): Newborn effects. Duluth, MN: U.S. Environmental Protection Agency. EPA 600/3-84-060. NTIS PB84-188887.


9. REFERENCES


*EPA. 1989d. Guidance on preparing Superfund decision documents: The proposed plan, the record of decision, explanation of significant differences, the record of decision amendment. Washington, DC: U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Office of Emergency and Remedial Response. NTIS PB91-921256
9. REFERENCES


9. REFERENCES


9. REFERENCES


*EPA. 1995g. EPA region 10 SOP for the validation of Method 1668 toxic, dioxin-like, PCB data. Seattle, WA: U.S. Environmental Protection Agency.


9. REFERENCES


9. REFERENCES


*EPA. 1999k. Method 1668, Revision A: Chlorinated biphenyl congeners in water, soil, sediment, and tissue by HRGC/HRMS. U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Office of Water. EPA-821-R-00-002.


9. REFERENCES


9. REFERENCES


9. REFERENCES


http://www.epa.gov/ostwater/fstrac/states.html


REFERENCES


9. REFERENCES


9. REFERENCES


9. REFERENCES


9. REFERENCES


9. REFERENCES


9. REFERENCES


9. REFERENCES


*HazDat. 1998. Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry (ATSDR), Atlanta, GA.

*HazDat. 2000. Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry (ATSDR), Atlanta, GA.


9. REFERENCES


**9. REFERENCES**


9. REFERENCES


9. REFERENCES


9. REFERENCES


9. REFERENCES


*IARC. 1987. IARC monographs on the evaluation of the carcinogenic risk of chemicals to humans. Supplement 7: Overall evaluations of carcinogenicity: An updating of IARC monographs volumes 1 to 42. World Health Organization, Lyon, France.


9. REFERENCES


9. REFERENCES


*Jensen AA. 1987. Polychlorobiphenyls (PCBs), polychlorodibenzo-\(p\)-dioxins (PCDDs) and polychlorodibenzofurans (PCDFs) in human milk, blood and adipose tissue. Sci Total Environ 64:259-293.
9. REFERENCES


9. REFERENCES


9. REFERENCES


9. REFERENCES


9. REFERENCES


9. REFERENCES


9. REFERENCES


*Korrick SA, Altshul L. 1998. High breast milk levels of polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs) among four women living adjacent to a PCB-contaminated waste site. Environ Health Perspect 106(8):513-518.


9. REFERENCES


9. REFERENCES


9. REFERENCES


9. REFERENCES


9. REFERENCES


9. REFERENCES


Longnecker MP, Rogan WJ, Lucier G. 1997. The human health effects of DDT (dichlorodiphenyltrichloroethane) and PCBs (polychlorinated biphenyls) and an overview of organochlorines in public health. Annu Rev Public Health 18:211-244.


9. REFERENCES


9. REFERENCES


9. REFERENCES


9. REFERENCES


9. REFERENCES


9. REFERENCES


9. REFERENCES


9. REFERENCES


*Morselli L, Brocco D, Pirni A. 1985. The presence of polychlorodibenzo-p-dioxins (PCDDs), polychlorodibenzofurans (PCDFs), and polychlorobiphenyls (PCBs) in fly ashes from various municipal incinerators under different technological and working conditions. Ann Chim 75:59-64.


9. REFERENCES


*NIOSH. 1990. NIOSH pocket guide to chemical hazards. National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health, Cincinnati, OH.


9. REFERENCES


9. REFERENCES


9. REFERENCES


9. REFERENCES


9. REFERENCES


9. REFERENCES


*Pham TT, Proulx S. 1997. PCBs and PAHs in the Montreal urban community (Quebec, Canada) wastewater treatment plant and in the effluent plume in the St. Lawrence River. Water Res 31(8):1887-1896.


9. REFERENCES


9. REFERENCES


9. REFERENCES


9. REFERENCES

*Rice DC. 1996. PCBs and behavioral impairment: Are there lessons we can learn from lead? Neurotoxicol Teratol 18(3):229-232.


9. REFERENCES


9. REFERENCES

*Roose P, Cooreman K, Vyncke W. 1998. PCBs in cod (gadus morhua), flounder (platichthys flesus), blue mussel (mytilus edulis) and brown shrimp (crangon crangon) from the Belgian continental shelf: Relation to biological parameters and trend analysis. Chemosphere 37(9-12):2199-2210.


9. REFERENCES


*Safe S. 1990. Polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs), dibenzo-p-dioxins (PCDDs), dibenzofurans (PCDFs), and related compounds: Environmental and mechanistic considerations which support the development of toxic equivalency factors (TEFs). Crit Rev Toxicol 21:51-88.
9. REFERENCES


9. REFERENCES


9. REFERENCES


9. REFERENCES


*Schecter AJ. 1992. Written communication (September 24) to Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Control in peer review comments on draft toxicological profile for polychlorinated biphenyls. SUNY Health Science Center, Binghamton, NY.


9. REFERENCES


9. REFERENCES


*Schuetz EG, Brimer C, Schuetz JD. 1998. Environmental xenobiotics and the antihormones cyproterone acetate and spirolaactone use the nuclear hormone pregnenolone X receptor to activate the CYP3A23 hormone response element. Mol Pharmacol 54:1113-1117.


9. REFERENCES


*Seegal RF, Brosch KO, Okoniewski R. 1988. The degree of PCB chlorination determines whether the rise in urinary homovanillic acid production in rats is peripheral or central in origin. Toxicol Appl Pharmacol 96:560-564.


9. REFERENCES


9. REFERENCES


9. REFERENCES


9. REFERENCES


REFERENCES


9. REFERENCES


9. REFERENCES


9. REFERENCES


*Tavlarides L. 1998a. Multidisciplinary study of PCBs and PCDFs at a waste site elimination of PCBs by supercritical extraction and wet oxidation. Crisp Data Base National Institutes of Health.


9. REFERENCES


9. REFERENCES


TRI92. 1994. Toxic Chemical Release Inventory. National Library of Medicine, National Toxicology Information Program, Bethesda, MD.

*TRI93. 1995. Toxic Chemical Release Inventory. National Library of Medicine, National Toxicology Information Program, Bethesda, MD.

*TRI96. 1998. Toxic Chemical Release Inventory. National Library of Medicine, National Toxicology Information Program, Bethesda, MD.

*TRI98. 2000. Toxic Chemical Release Inventory. National Library of Medicine, National Toxicology Information Program, Bethesda, MD.


*Tuey DB, Matthews HB. 1980. Use of a physiological compartmental model for the rat to describe the pharmacokinetics of several chlorinated biphenyls in the mouse. Drug Metab Dispos 8:397-403.


9. REFERENCES


9. REFERENCES


*Van den Berg M, Birnbaum L, Bosveld ATC, et al. 1998. Toxic equivalency factors (TEFs) for PCBs, PCDDs, PCDFs for humans and wildlife. Environ Health Perspect 106(12):775-792.


9. REFERENCES


*Vernon AA. 1981. High levels of polychlorinated biphenyls in serum specimens, Kansas. Internal report ELI-80-23-2. Centers for Disease Control, Atlanta, GA.


9. REFERENCES


9. REFERENCES


9. REFERENCES


9. REFERENCES


9. REFERENCES


*Wyss PA, Muhlebach S, Bickel MH. 1986. Long-term pharmacokinetics of 2,2',4,4',5,5'-hexachlorobiphenyl (6-CB) in rats with constant adipose tissue mass. Drug Metab Dispos 14:361-365.


*Yoshimura T. 1974. [Epidemiological study on Yusho babies born to mothers who had consumed oil contaminated by PCB.] Fukuoka Igaku Zasshi 65:74-80. (Japanese)


9. REFERENCES


